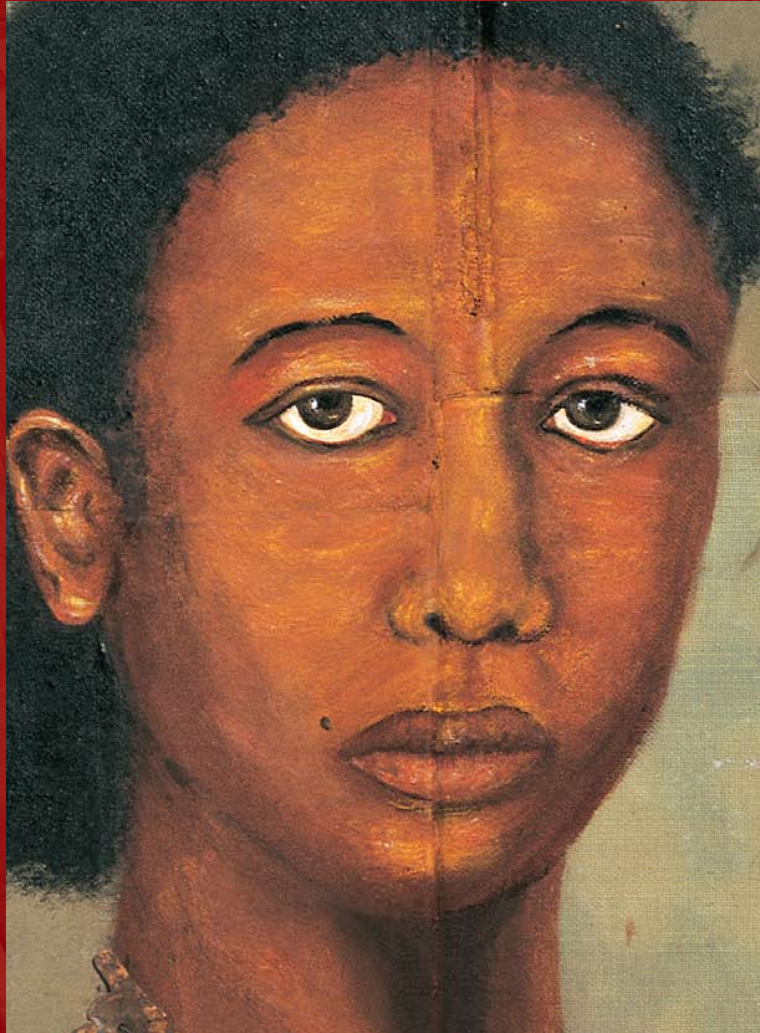


LITERATURE & THOUGHT

# FREE AT LAST

The Struggle for Civil Rights



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# Literature & Thought

## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

<b>History/Social Studies Standards » Reading » Grades 6–8 (RH)</b>	
<b>Key Ideas and Details</b>	
1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 15–16, 33, 34, 36, 41–42, 46, 60 <b>IWL:</b> 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2
2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	<b>SB:</b> p. 34 <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 31, 32, 63 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4
3. Identify key steps in a text's description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes law, how interest rates are raised or lowered).	<b>SB:</b> p. 74 <b>TG:</b> pp. 28–29, 35, 38–39 <b>IWL:</b> 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4
<b>Craft and Structure</b>	
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies.	<b>SB:</b> p. 14 <b>TG:</b> pp. 17, 27, 30, 40, 43, 50, 54, 58, 59, 64
5. Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).	<b>TG:</b> pp. 49, 59
6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts).	<b>TG:</b> pp. 32, 34, 45, 50, 63
<b>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>	
7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 56–57 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2
8. Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 31, 32, 44, 60, 63
9. Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.	<b>TG:</b> p. 66
<b>Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity</b>	
10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	<b>SB:</b> The anthology includes texts of varying levels of complexity. <b>TG:</b> Suggestions for additional readings on page 73 include selections that are challenging, average, and easy.

# Literature & Thought

## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

History/Social Studies Standards » Writing » Grades 6–8 (WHST)	
Text Types and Purposes	
<p>1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.</li> <li>b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources.</li> <li>c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li> <li>d. Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li> </ul>	<p><b>TG:</b> pp. 35, 68, 69</p>
<p>2. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.</li> <li>c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li> <li>d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li> <li>e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone.</li> <li>f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.</li> </ul>	<p><b>SB:</b> pp. 34, 74, 120  <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 38–39, 52–53, 60  <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.3, 2.4, 3.3, 3.4</p>
<p>3. Not applicable as a separate requirement.</p>	<p>Not applicable as a separate requirement.</p>
Production and Distribution of Writing	
<p>4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p>	<p><b>SB:</b> pp. 34, 120  <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 52–53, 60, 61, 70–72  <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 3.3, 3.4</p>
<p>5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.</p>	<p><b>TG:</b> pp. 70–72</p>
<p>6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.</p>	<p><b>TG:</b> p. 61</p>

# Literature & Thought

## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

History/Social Studies Standards » Writing » Grades 6–8 (WHST)	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 56–57, 65, 66–67, 70–72 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2
8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 22, 56–57, 70–72 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2
9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	<b>SB:</b> p. 34 <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 70–72 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4
Range of Writing	
10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	<b>SB:</b> pp. 34, 74, 120, 142 <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 38–39, 52–53, 65, 66, 69 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.3, 2.4, 3.3, 3.4, 4.3, 4.4



# Literature & Thought

## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

<b>English Language Arts Standards » Reading: Literature » Grade 7 (RL)</b>	
<b>Key Ideas and Details</b>	
1. Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 18, 19, 20, 24, 41–42, 47, 51, 61 <b>IWL:</b> 3.1, 3.2
2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.	<b>TG:</b> p. 37
3. Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot).	<b>SB:</b> p. 34 <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 47 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4
<b>Craft and Structure</b>	
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 17, 19, 27, 30, 37, 40, 43, 47, 51, 54, 58, 64
5. Analyze how a drama’s or poem’s form or structure (e.g., soliloquy, sonnet) contributes to its meaning.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 21, 37, 51
6. Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 20, 21, 48
<b>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>	
7. Compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium (e.g., lighting, sound, color, or camera focus and angles in a film).	<b>TG:</b> p. 36
8. (Not applicable to literature)	(Not applicable to literature)
9. Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.	<b>SB:</b> p. 120 <b>TG:</b> pp. 41–42, 49, 52–53 <b>IWL:</b> 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
<b>Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity</b>	
10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	<b>SB:</b> The anthology includes texts of varying levels of complexity. <b>TG:</b> Suggestions for additional readings on page 73 include selections that are challenging, average, and easy.

# Literature & Thought

## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

<b>English Language Arts Standards » Reading: Informational Text » Grade 7 (RI)</b>	
<b>Key Ideas and Details</b>	
1. Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 15–16, 22, 33, 34, 36, 41–42, 46, 60, 61, 62, 63 <b>IWL:</b> 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2
2. Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.	<b>SB:</b> p. 34 <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 31, 32, 63 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4
3. Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence ideas or events).	<b>SB:</b> pp. 34, 74 <b>TG:</b> pp. 23, 25–26, 28–29, 35, 38–39, 50 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4
<b>Craft and Structure</b>	
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.	<b>SB:</b> pp. 14, 120 <b>TG:</b> pp. 17, 23, 27, 30, 37, 40, 43, 52–53, 54, 58, 59, 62, 64 <b>IWL:</b> 3.3, 3.4
5. Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas.	<b>SB:</b> p. 74 <b>TG:</b> pp. 38–39, 59, 61 <b>IWL:</b> 2.3, 2.4
6. Determine an author’s point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 32, 34, 50, 63
<b>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>	
7. Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium’s portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).	<b>TG:</b> pp. 45, 46, 56–57, 63 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2
8. Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 31, 32, 44, 63
9. Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 32, 49
<b>Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity</b>	
10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	<b>SB:</b> The anthology includes texts of varying levels of complexity. <b>TG:</b> Suggestions for additional readings on page 73 include selections that are challenging, average, and easy.

# Literature & Thought

## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

English Language Arts Standards » Writing » Grade 7 (W)	
Text Types and Purposes	
<p>1. Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.</li> <li>b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.</li> <li>c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.</li> <li>d. Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li> </ul>	<p><b>TG:</b> pp. 35, 68, 69</p>
<p>2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.</li> <li>c. Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li> <li>d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li> <li>e. Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.</li> </ul>	<p><b>SB:</b> pp. 34, 74, 120  <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 38–39, 52–53, 60  <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.3, 2.4, 3.3, 3.4</p>
<p>3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.</li> <li>b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.</li> <li>c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.</li> <li>d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.</li> <li>e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.</li> </ul>	<p><b>TG:</b> p. 34</p>

# Literature & Thought

## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

English Language Arts Standards » Writing » Grade 7 (W)	
<b>Production and Distribution of Writing</b>	
4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	<b>SB:</b> pp. 34, 120 <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 52–53, 60, 61, 70–72 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 3.3, 3.4
5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 70–72
6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources.	<b>TG:</b> p. 61
<b>Research to Build and Present Knowledge</b>	
7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 24, 56–57, 65, 66–67, 70–72 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2
8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 22, 56–57, 70–72 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2
9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	<b>SB:</b> p. 34 <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 70–72 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4
<b>Range of Writing</b>	
10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	<b>SB:</b> pp. 34, 74, 120, 142 <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 38–39, 52–53, 65, 66, 69 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.3, 2.4, 3.3, 3.4, 4.3, 4.4



# Literature & Thought

## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

### English Language Arts Standards » Speaking and Listening » Grade 7 (SL)

#### Comprehension and Collaboration

<p>1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.</p> <p>a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.</p> <p>b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.</p> <p>c. Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed.</p> <p>d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views.</p>	<p><b>TG:</b> p. 22</p>
<p>2. Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.</p>	<p><b>TG:</b> p. 46</p>
<p>3. Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.</p>	<p><b>TG:</b> pp. 44, 63</p>
<h4>Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas</h4>	
<p>4. Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.</p>	<p><b>TG:</b> pp. 46, 70–72</p>
<p>5. Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points.</p>	<p><b>TG:</b> pp. 70–72</p>
<p>6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.</p>	<p><b>TG:</b> pp. 22, 46, 63, 70–72</p>

# Literature & Thought

## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

<b>History/Social Studies Standards » Reading » Grades 6–8 (RH)</b>	
<b>Key Ideas and Details</b>	
1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 15–16, 33, 34, 36, 41–42, 46, 60 <b>IWL:</b> 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2
2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	<b>SB:</b> p. 34 <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 31, 32, 63 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4
3. Identify key steps in a text’s description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes law, how interest rates are raised or lowered).	<b>SB:</b> p. 74 <b>TG:</b> pp. 28–29, 35, 38–39 <b>IWL:</b> 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4
<b>Craft and Structure</b>	
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies.	<b>SB:</b> p. 14 <b>TG:</b> pp. 17, 27, 30, 40, 43, 50, 54, 58, 59, 64
5. Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).	<b>TG:</b> pp. 49, 59
6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author’s point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts).	<b>TG:</b> pp. 32, 34, 45, 50, 63
<b>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>	
7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 56–57 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2
8. Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 31, 32, 44, 60, 63
9. Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.	<b>TG:</b> p. 66
<b>Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity</b>	
10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	<b>SB:</b> The anthology includes texts of varying levels of complexity. <b>TG:</b> Suggestions for additional readings on page 73 include selections that are challenging, average, and easy.

# Literature & Thought

## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

History/Social Studies Standards » Writing » Grades 6–8 (WHST)	
Text Types and Purposes	
<p>1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.</li> <li>b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources.</li> <li>c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li> <li>d. Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li> </ul>	<p><b>TG:</b> pp. 35, 68, 69</p>
<p>2. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.</li> <li>c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li> <li>d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li> <li>e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone.</li> <li>f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.</li> </ul>	<p><b>SB:</b> pp. 34, 74, 120  <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 38–39, 52–53, 60  <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.3, 2.4, 3.3, 3.4</p>
<p>3. Not applicable as a separate requirement.</p>	<p>Not applicable as a separate requirement.</p>
Production and Distribution of Writing	
<p>4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p>	<p><b>SB:</b> pp. 34, 120  <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 52–53, 60, 61, 70–72  <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 3.3, 3.4</p>
<p>5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.</p>	<p><b>TG:</b> pp. 70–72</p>
<p>6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.</p>	<p><b>TG:</b> p. 61</p>

# Literature & Thought

## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

History/Social Studies Standards » Writing » Grades 6–8 (WHST)	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 56–57, 65, 66–67, 70–72 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2
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# Literature & Thought

## Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights

### All Standards Correlated by Selection >> Grade 7

Content	Pages	RL ELA Reading Literature	RI ELA Reading Informational Text	W ELA Writing	SL ELA Speaking and Listening	RH HSS Reading	WHST HSS Writing
Concept Vocabulary	SB: p. 14		RI.7.4			RH.6–8.4	
<b>Cluster One: What Are the Roots of the Civil Rights Movement?</b>							
Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill: Analyzing	TG: pp. 15–16 IWL: 1.1, 1.2		RI.7.1			RH.6–8.1	
Cluster One Vocabulary	TG: p. 17	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6–8.4	
Ku Klux, Langston Hughes <i>CCSS Exemplar Author</i>	TG: p. 18	RL.7.1					
We Wear the Mask, Paul Laurence Dunbar	TG: p. 19	RL.7.1 RL.7.4					
Booker T. and W.E.B., Dudley Randall	TG: p. 20	RL.7.1 RL.7.6					
Incident, Countee Cullen	TG: p. 21	RL.7.5 RL.7.6					
On Being Crazy, W.E.B. Du Bois	TG: p. 22		RI.7.1	W.7.8	SL.7.1 SL.7.6		WHST.6–8.8
Surviving Jim Crow, Richard Wright <i>CCSS Exemplar Author</i>	TG: p. 23		RI.7.3 RI.7.4				
Revolt of the Evil Fairies, Ted Poston	TG: p. 24	RL.7.1		W.7.7			
Responding to Cluster One Writing Activity: Analyzing Attitudes	SB: p. 34 TG: pp. 25–26 IWL: 1.3, 1.4	RL.7.3	RI.7.2 RI.7.3	W.7.2 W.7.4 W.7.9		RH.6–8.2	WHST.6–8.2 WHST.6–8.4 WHST.6–8.9
Cluster One Vocabulary Test	TG: p. 27	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6–8.4	
<b>Cluster Two: What Were the Critical Moments That Sparked the Civil Rights Movement?</b>							
Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill: Evaluating Cause and Effect	TG: pp. 28–29 IWL: 2.1, 2.2		RI.7.3			RH.6–8.3	
Cluster Two Vocabulary	TG: p. 30	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6–8.4	



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### All Standards Correlated by Selection >> Grade 7

Content	Pages	RL ELA Reading Literature	RI ELA Reading Informational Text	W ELA Writing	SL ELA Speaking and Listening	RH HSS Reading	WHST HSS Writing
<b>Brown v. Board of Education</b> , Earl Warren	TG: p. 31		RI.7.2 RI.7.8			RH.6–8.2 RH.6–6.8	
<b>Emmett Till, 1955</b> , Henry Hampton	TG: p. 32		RI.7.2 RI.7.6 RI.7.8 RI.7.9			RH.6–8.2 RH.6–8.6 RH.6–8.8	
<b>Rosa Parks</b> , Rita Dove <i>CCSS Exemplar</i> Author	TG: p. 33		RI.7.1			RH.6–8.1	
<b>Integration</b> , Melba Pattillo Beals	TG: p. 34		RI.7.1 RI.7.6	W.7.3		RH.6–8.1 RH.6–8.6	
<b>Bigger Than a Hamburger</b> , Harvard Sitkoff	TG: p. 35		RI.7.3	W.7.1		RH.6–8.3	WHST.6–8.1
<b>1961: The Freedom Rides</b> , Pete Seeger and Bob Reiser	TG: p. 36	RL.7.7	RI.7.1			RH.6–8.1	
<b>Girl Held Without Bail</b> , Margaret Walker	TG: p. 37	RL.7.4 RL.7.5	RI.7.4				
<b>Responding to Cluster Two</b> Writing Activity: Evaluating Tactics	SB: p. 74 TG: pp. 38–39 IWL: 2.3, 2.4		RI.7.3 RI.7.5	W.7.2		RH.6–8.3	WHST.6–8.2
<b>Cluster Two Vocabulary Test</b>	TG: p. 40	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6–8.4	
<b>Cluster Three: What Resistance Did the Civil Rights Movement Meet?</b>							
<b>Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill</b> : Comparing and Contrasting	TG: pp. 41–42 IWL: 3.1, 3.2	RL.7.1 RL.7.9	RI.7.1			RH.6–8.1	
<b>Cluster Three Vocabulary</b>	TG: p. 43	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6–8.4	
<b>Inaugural Address</b> , Governor George C. Wallace	TG: p. 44		RI.7.8		SL.7.3	RH.6–8.8	
<b>Birmingham</b> , President John F. Kennedy <i>CCSS Exemplar</i> Author	TG: p. 45		RI.7.7			RH.6–8.6	

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Content	Pages	RL ELA Reading Literature	RI ELA Reading Informational Text	W ELA Writing	SL ELA Speaking and Listening	RH HSS Reading	WHST HSS Writing
<b>I Have a Dream,</b> Martin Luther King Jr. <i>CCSS Exemplar</i> Author	TG: p. 46		RI.7.1 RI.7.7		SL.7.2 SL.7.4 SL.7.6	RH.6–8.1	
<b>Birmingham 1963,</b> Raymond R. Patterson	TG: p. 47	RL.7.1 RL.7.3 RL.7.4					
<b>Liars Don't Qualify,</b> Junius Edwards	TG: p. 48	RL.7.6					
<b>Tomorrow Is for Our Martyrs,</b> James Farmer	TG: p. 49	RL.7.9	RI.7.9			RH.6–8.5	
<b>Address to a Meeting in New York 1964,</b> Malcolm X	TG: p. 50		RI.7.3 RI.7.6			RH.6–8.4 RH.6–8.6	
<b>Revolutionary Dreams,</b> Nikki Giovanni <i>CCSS Exemplar</i> Author	TG: p. 51	RL.7.1 RL.7.4 RL.7.5					
<b>Responding to Cluster Three</b> Writing Activity: Comparing and Contrasting Arguments in Speech	SB: p. 120 TG: pp. 52–53 IWL: 3.3, 3.4	RL.7.9	RI.7.4	W.7.2 W.7.4			WHST.6–8.2 WHST.6–8.4
<b>Cluster Three Vocabulary Test</b>	TG: p. 54	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6–8.4	
<b>cluster Four: Thinking On Your Own</b>							
<b>Teaching the Critical Thinking Skill: Synthesizing</b>	TG: pp. 56–57 IWL: 4.1, 4.2		RI.7.7	W.7.7 W.7.8		RH.6–8.7	WHST.6–8.7 WHST.6–8.8
<b>Cluster Four Vocabulary</b>	TG: p. 58	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6–8.4	
<b>An American Problem,</b> Wim Coleman	TG: p. 59		RI.7.4 RI.7.5			RH.6–8.4 RH.6–8.5	

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### All Standards Correlated by Selection >> Grade 7

Content	Pages	RL ELA Reading Literature	RI ELA Reading Informational Text	W ELA Writing	SL ELA Speaking and Listening	RH HSS Reading	WHST HSS Writing
The Power of One, Staff of People Magazine	TG: p. 60		RI.7.1	W.7.2 W.7.4		RH.6–8.1 RH.6–8.8	WHST.6–8.2 WHST.6–8.4
I Was Born at the Wrong Time, Angela Shelf Medearis	TG: p. 61	RL.7.1	RI.7.1 RI.7.5	W.7.4 W.7.6			WHST.6–8.4 WHST.6–8.6
Little Rock Warriors Thirty Years Later, Melba Pattillo Beals	TG: p. 62		RI.7.1 RI.7.4				
A More Perfect Union, Barack Obama	TG: p. 63		RI.7.1 RI.7.2 RI.7.6 RI.7.7 RI.7.8		SL.7.3 SL.7.6	RH.6–8.2 RH.6–8.6 RH.6–8.8	
Cluster Four Vocabulary Test	TG: p. 64	RL.7.4	RI.7.4			RH.6–8.4	
Additional Teacher Guide Resources							
Research, Writing, and Discussion Topics	TG: p. 65			W.7.7			WHST.6–8.7
Assessment and Project Ideas	TG: pp. 66–67			W.7.7			WHST.6–8.7
Answering the Essential Question	TG: p. 68			W.7.1			WHST.6–8.1
Essay Test	TG: p. 69			W.7.1 W.7.10			WHST.6–8.1 WHST.6–8.10
Rubric for Project Evaluation	TG: pp. 70–72			W.7.4 W.7.5 W.7.7 W.7.8 W.7.9	SL.7.4 SL.7.5 SL.7.6		WHST.6–8.4 WHST.6–8.5 WHST.6–8.7 WHST.6–8.8 WHST.6–8.9
Related Literature	TG: p. 73	RL.7.10	RI.7.10			RH.6–8.10	

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<b>History/Social Studies Standards » Reading » Grades 6–8 (RH)</b>	
<b>Key Ideas and Details</b>	
1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 15–16, 33, 34, 36, 41–42, 46, 60 <b>IWL:</b> 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 3.2
2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	<b>SB:</b> p. 34 <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 31, 32, 63 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4
3. Identify key steps in a text’s description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes law, how interest rates are raised or lowered).	<b>SB:</b> p. 74 <b>TG:</b> pp. 28–29, 35, 38–39 <b>IWL:</b> 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4
<b>Craft and Structure</b>	
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies.	<b>SB:</b> p. 14 <b>TG:</b> pp. 17, 27, 30, 40, 43, 50, 54, 58, 59, 64
5. Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).	<b>TG:</b> pp. 49, 59
6. Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author’s point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts).	<b>TG:</b> pp. 32, 34, 45, 50, 63
<b>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>	
7. Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 56–57 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2
8. Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 31, 32, 44, 60, 63
9. Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.	<b>TG:</b> p. 66
<b>Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity</b>	
10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	<b>SB:</b> The anthology includes texts of varying levels of complexity. <b>TG:</b> Suggestions for additional readings on page 73 include selections that are challenging, average, and easy.

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## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

### History/Social Studies Standards » Writing » Grades 6–8 (WHST)

#### Text Types and Purposes

<p>1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.</li> <li>b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources.</li> <li>c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li> <li>d. Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li> </ol>	<p><b>TG:</b> pp. 35, 68, 69</p>
<p>2. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.</li> <li>c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li> <li>d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li> <li>e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone.</li> <li>f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.</li> </ol>	<p><b>SB:</b> pp. 34, 74, 120  <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 38–39, 52–53, 60  <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.3, 2.4, 3.3, 3.4</p>
<p>3. (Not applicable as a separate requirement.)</p>	<p>(Not applicable as a separate requirement.)</p>
<p><b>Production and Distribution of Writing</b></p>	
<p>4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p>	<p><b>SB:</b> pp. 34, 120  <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 52–53, 60, 61, 70–72  <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 3.3, 3.4</p>
<p>5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.</p>	<p><b>TG:</b> pp. 70–72</p>
<p>6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.</p>	<p><b>TG:</b> p. 61</p>



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## *Free at Last: The Struggle for Civil Rights*

History/Social Studies Standards » Writing » Grades 6–8 (WHST)	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 56–57, 65, 66–67, 70–72 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2
8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	<b>TG:</b> pp. 22, 56–57, 70–72 <b>IWL:</b> 4.1, 4.2
9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	<b>SB:</b> p. 34 <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 70–72 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4
Range of Writing	
10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	<b>SB:</b> pp. 34, 74, 120, 142 <b>TG:</b> pp. 25–26, 38–39, 52–53, 65, 66, 69 <b>IWL:</b> 1.3, 1.4, 2.3, 2.4, 3.3, 3.4, 4.3, 4.4